NEW YORK CHIROPRACTORS AGAIN BRING HOPE TO HUNGRY AMERICANS

HON. GERALD B.H. SOLOMON

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, January 4, 1995

Mr. SOLOMON. Mr. Speaker, it is my privilege once again this year to bring to your attention a professional organization which, in the best American tradition, finds the time to help its most unfortunate neighbors.

The New York Chiropractic Council deserves credit not only for serving as the voice of a group of dedicated health care professionals, but also for its continuing battle against hunger.

This year, the New York Chiropractic Council will sponsor its fourth annual HOPE [Helping Other People Eat] Day. Their goal is to collect 10,000 pounds of food for the Regional Food Bank of Northeastern New York and 75,000 pounds statewide for the hungry of the State.

The Council brought HOPE Day to New York in 1992, and in just its first 2 years raised over 80,000 pounds of food. The food was turned over to the Northeast Regional Food Bank, which delivers an average of 1 million pounds of food per month to 600 charitable organizations in 23 counties in New York State.

Over 180 participating doctors of chiropractic collected the nonperishable food from patients in exchange for adjustments and examinations.

Mr. Speaker, I can think of nothing more typically American than efforts like this. Perhaps its their day-to-day dealings with people in pain that make doctors of chiropractic sensitive to the sufferings of others. But what's important is the fact that this organization has committed itself to helping hungry Americans, and I can think of few organizations that surpass them in this effort.

That's why I would ask you, Mr. Speaker, to join me in saluting Dr. John M. Gentile, D.C., HOPE Day coordinator, and other members of the New York Chiropractic Council for their selfless and generous response to the problem of hunger.

INDUSTRY-BASED EDUCATION SUPPORT ACT

HON. DALE E. KILDEE

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, January 4, 1995

Mr. KILDEE. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to be introducing today, the Industry-Based Education Act, a bill to build upon and strengthen the work that is being carried out under the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act in the areas of curriculum development, professional development, and technical assistance for our Nation's vocational education programs.

As the school-based education component of our Nation's developing school-to-work transition system, vocational education is critical both as an ongoing program to prepare students to be productive members of our Nation's work force and as a tool for improving

the Nation's high schools. The 1990 reauthorization of the Perkins Act created a framework for assisting State and local efforts to ensure that vocational education programs are responsive to the needs of the workplace, and that they support integrated vocational and academic education that improves the educational achievement of all students. By focusing on curriculum development, professional development and technical assistance, the Industry-Based Education Support Act will give States and local school districts additional support to help them develop and implement programs that meet the vocational and academic needs of their students and communities in an integrated manner.

It is vitally important than any discussion of the future of Federal assistance for vocational education take into consideration the need to support State and locally developed curriculum development, professional development, and technical assistance. This bill is being introduced to help stimulate that debate.

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE DR. MARJORIE STEWART JOYNER

HON. BOBBY L. RUSH

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, January 4, 1995

Mr. RUSH. Mr. Speaker, I rise this morning with great sadness to pay tribute to the late Dr. Marjorie Stewart Joyner, who passed away on Tuesday, December 27, 1994. Dr. Joyner was an inspiration to generations of Chicagoans who grew up coming to know and respect her for her remarkable achievements.

Dr. Joyner was born in 1896 in Monterey, VA. After moving to Chicago in 1912, Dr. Joyner embarked on a long and prosperous career in the beauty parlor business. In fact, she was the first African-American to attendand graduate from a Chicago-based beauty school, and later invented and patented a permanent wave in 1928.

It was through her endeavors in this field that Dr. Joyner was able to work toward providing increased economic opportunities for African-Americans. Her support made it possible for the establishment of the Cosmopolitan Community Church in Chicago in 1934. In addition, she and First Lady Eleanor Roosevelt established the National Council of Negro Women in 1935. This organization has been dedicated since that time in addressing Negro and women's issues. Later, Dr. Joyner founded the United Beauty Owners and Teachers Association and the Alpha Chi Phi Omega Sorority. Dr. Joyner was also active in local charitable events, including the annual Chicago Defender Bud Billiken Parade, the largest parade for the African-American community in the country.

Mr. Speaker, Dr. Joyner was an American treasure who throughout her long life gave tirelessly of herself for the advancement of her race and of all persons in need. She drew strong accolades from leaders and political figures around the country, and I am but one in a long line of persons who have come to pay their respects for this true American patriot. On this day, Mr. Speaker, I join her family, her friends, and all of Chicago and the Nation, in mourning the loss of a dear and special friend.

TRIBUTE TO THE LIONS CLUB OF PUNXSUTAWNEY

HON. WILLIAM F. CLINGER, JR.

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, January 4, 1995

Mr. CLINGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the Lions Club of Punxsutawney, PA as they celebrate their 50th anniversary of becoming a charter member. On this day in 1945, the Punxsutawney chapter became part of the International Association of the Lions Club.

Through hard work and dedication, members were able to purchase 254 acres of land—complete with a small lodge—just 2 short years after its founding. In keeping with the true spirit of the club, the lodge is used for both Lions' meetings and the benefit of the community as a whole.

When the Punxsutawney Lions Club was chartered, its main goal was to help fight blindness. Fifty years later, they are doing just that. The Lions are active in their support of various camps—as close as Indiana, Pennsylvania, and west to Rochester, Michigan—that benefit physically challenged people.

The Lions' unconditional generosity and benevolence, however, do not end there. People in third world countries also feel the impact of their philanthropy. Better vision and increased health awareness are just two areas in which the Lions Club is making a difference.

Mr. Speaker, it is my distinct pleasure to recognize the Punxsutawney Lions Club on this special occasion. The celebration of their 50th anniversary is testimony to its members' dedication and loyalty. I salute the Lions as they embark on their next 50-year journey and wish them much luck and happiness in that pursuit.

\$2,000 REWARD

HON. FORTNEY PETE STARK

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, January 4, 1995

Mr. STARK. Mr. Speaker, the Republicans refuse to tell the American people how they will balance the budget, cut taxes, and increase defense spending.

On November 22, 1994 I offered a \$1,000 campaign contribution to any Republican Member who signed the so-called Contract With America and who plans on running for reelection who could explain in detail what cuts he or she would make to achieve a balanced budget in fiscal 1996.

No one has taken me up on the offer.

The Republican Contract With America will mean the destruction of Medicare, education aid, cancer research, and other programs the American people support.

The Republicans know that and refuse to explain it to the American people.

Mr. Speaker, I double my offer: I will contribute \$2,000 for a charity in the district of any Republican who can explain exactly what they will cut to achieve a balanced budget while increasing defense and cutting taxes.